



# Course Details

## TT21C: From cell-based assays to safety assessments

### Course Description

This one-week course will cover the fit-for-purpose paradigm for in vitro toxicity testing. We will cover principles of physiologically based pharmacokinetic modeling and computational biology, with an emphasis on applications for toxicological safety assessment. The course features comprehensive lectures and extensive hands-on computer modeling exercises.

## Tentative Agenda

### Introduction

Welcome and introduction of faculty members and participants

Introduction to safety assessment with fit-for-purpose assays

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### Session I: Tools for determining mode of action with high-content data

Introduction to computational systems biology

Bioinformatic tools and mapping nuclear receptor pathways

Exercise: Mapping PPAR $\alpha$  pathways based on differentially expressed genes

Exercise: Using ChIP data to uncover transcription regulatory networks

Bioinformatics and connectivity maps help determine mode-of-action

Exercise: Connectivity maps in action

Synthesizing a model based on in vitro toxicity data

Exercise: Demonstration of Berkeley Madonna

Exercise: Building a model for DNA damage and repair

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### Session II: Toxicity pathway structure and dynamics

Network motifs – recurring components controlling biological function

Going somewhere: transitioning between states

Exercise: MAPK signaling and ultrasensitivity

Staying put: coping with life in a changing environment

Exercise: Maintaining cellular homeostasis through perfect adaptation

To register, or for information on our previous offerings of the course, go to:

[www.thehamner.org/systemstoxicology](http://www.thehamner.org/systemstoxicology)

### Session III: Determining safe exposure levels using toxicokinetics and pharmacodynamics

Toward a fit-for-purpose safety assessment

Constructing and parameterizing PBPK models

Exercise: Describing individual tissue compartments

Exercise: A PBPK model for a lipophilic compound

Application of PBPK models

Use of PBPK models for *in vitro* to *in vivo* extrapolation (IVIVE)

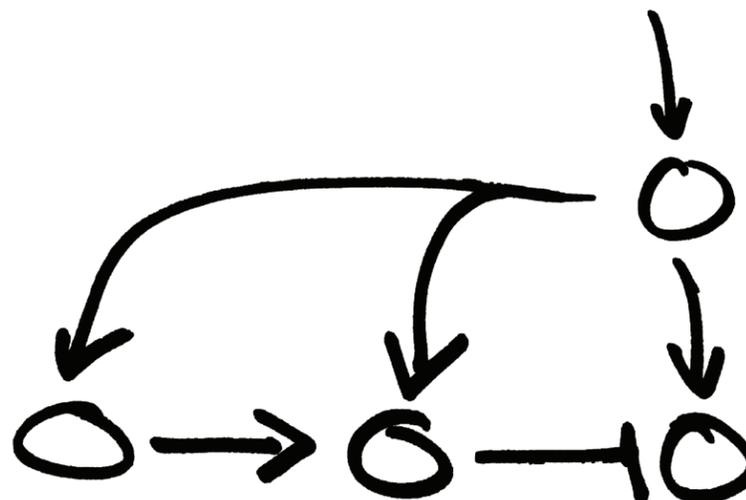
Exercise: An example of IVIVE with a PBPK model

Incorporating pharmacodynamics into PBPK models

Exercise 1: Nonlinear pharmacodynamics response of hepatocytes to dioxins

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### Perspectives and close



Incoherent feed-forward motif that leads to a threshold dose response

## Who should attend?

This course is designed to serve a variety of scientific communities.

- Anyone interested in using developing cell-based toxicity assays using pathway biology as a guide.
- Researchers and regulators wanting to develop or interpret high-throughput assays such as those used in Tox21 or ToxCast.
- Industrial, pharmaceutical and regulatory scientists desiring to interpret the results of *in vitro* or *in vivo* toxicity assays in terms of their implications for human health.
- Individuals who would like to link dosimetry models to biologically-based cellular response models.
- Individuals interested in promoting the use of alternatives to live animal testing for regulatory requirements such as REACH.

## Why should you attend?

Upon completion of this course you will be able to:

- Draw from existing high-throughput datasets to help interpret your experiments.
- Understand how the structure of a signal transduction pathway shapes its behavior.
- Use Berkeley Madonna<sup>®</sup> to evaluate PBPK models and simulate intracellular signaling networks.
- Take first steps to develop cell signaling models to describe pathway perturbations.
- Understand the fundamental concepts underlying physiologically based pharmacokinetic (PBPK) modeling.
- Link PBPK models with other biologically based computational tools, such as pharmacodynamic modeling and cell signaling pathway modeling.



6 Davis Drive • PO Box 12137  
Research Triangle Park, NC 27709